## TIER

## Paper 1 <br> Calculator not allowed

First name $\qquad$

Last name $\qquad$

School $\qquad$

Remember

- The test is 1 hour long.
- You must not use a calculator for any question in this test.
- You will need: pen, pencil, rubber and a ruler.
- This test starts with easier questions.
- Try to answer all the questions.
- Write all your answers and working on the test paper - do not use any rough paper. Marks may be awarded for working.
- Check your work carefully.
- Ask your teacher if you are not sure what to do.


## Instructions

## Answers

This means write down your answer or show your working and write down your answer.

## Calculators



You must not use a calculator to answer any question in this test.

1. This question is about money called euros.

Write the total number of euros in each box.
The first one is done for you.

2. A sequence of numbers decreases by 3 each time.

Write the missing numbers in the sequence below.
You can use the number line on the right to help you.

3. Here is part of the 36 times table.
$1 \times 36=36$
$2 \times 36=72$
$3 \times 36=108$
$4 \times 36=144$
$5 \times 36=180$
$6 \times 36=216$
$7 \times 36=252$
$8 \times 36=288$
$9 \times 36=324$
$10 \times 36=360$

Use the 36 times table to help you work out the missing numbers.


$$
288 \div 8=
$$

$$
180 \div 36=
$$

$\qquad$
$11 \times 36=$ $\qquad$
4. The table shows feeding times for some animals in a zoo.

|  | Start of feeding times |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Elephants | $11: 15 \mathrm{am} \quad 2: 15 \mathrm{pm} \quad 3: 20 \mathrm{pm}$ | 15 minutes |
| Giraffes | $12: 20 \mathrm{pm} \quad 2: 30 \mathrm{pm}$ | 15 minutes |
| Otters | $1: 00 \mathrm{pm}$ | 10 minutes |
| Seals | $1: 00 \mathrm{pm} \quad 4: 00 \mathrm{pm}$ | 10 minutes |
| Tigers | $2: 30 \mathrm{pm}$ | 30 minutes |

(a) The first feeding time for giraffes starts at 12:20 pm.

At what time does it finish?
(b) One feeding time finishes at 3:00 pm.

Which animal's feeding time is this?
(c) A visitor arrives at the zoo at 1:45 pm.

How many minutes later does the next feeding time for elephants start?

(d) A different visitor arrives at the zoo at 12:30 pm.

She wants to watch feeding times for elephants, otters and seals that day.

Write three feeding times that she could watch. : $\qquad$

Otters at $\qquad$ :
$\qquad$

Seals at $\qquad$ - $\qquad$
5. Work out
$64+57=$
$64-57=$
6. In America, there are coins each worth 25 cents.

These coins are called quarters because four of them make one dollar.

(a) Altogether, how many quarters make 3 dollars?

$\qquad$
(b) Laura has $\mathbf{2 0}$ quarters.

How many dollars is that?
$\qquad$
1 mark
(c) Dev wants to change $\mathbf{1 0}$ dollars into quarters.

How many quarters should he get?

$\qquad$
1 mark
7. (a) Tick $(\checkmark)$ all the numbers below that divide by 5 with no remainder.
$\square 12$

$\square$

(b) Tick $(\checkmark)$ all the numbers below that divide by $\mathbf{3}$ with no remainder.

(c) Tick $(\checkmark)$ all the numbers below that divide by 15 with no remainder.

8. The table shows the approximate populations of five different places.

| Place | Approximate population |
| :---: | :---: |
| London | 7000000 |
| Sheffield | 700000 |
| Harrogate | 70000 |
| Ash Vale | 7000 |
| Binbrook | 700 |

(a) Which of the places has a population of about seventy thousand?
$\qquad$
(b) Use the table to complete these sentences.

The population of Harrogate is about 10 times as big as
the population of $\qquad$

The population of $\qquad$ is about 100 times as big as the population of Harrogate.

The population of Sheffield is about $\qquad$ times as big as the population of Ash Vale.
9. Here are the rules for a number grid.


Use the rules to write the missing numbers in these number grids.

$\qquad$

3 marks
$\square$
10. The lengths of babies are measured at different ages.

The graph shows the longest and shortest a baby boy is likely to be.

(a) Write the missing numbers below.

A baby boy is 8 weeks old.

The longest he is likely to be is about $\qquad$ cm .

The shortest he is likely to be is about $\qquad$ cm.
(b) A 34 week old baby boy is $\mathbf{7 2} \mathbf{c m}$ long.

Put a cross on the graph to show this information.
11. Here are six number cards.
240410
(a) Choose two of these six cards to make a fraction that is equivalent to $\frac{1}{3}$

(b) Choose two of these six cards to make a fraction that is greater than $\frac{1}{2}$ but less than 1

12. The shape below is a regular pentagon.

All five sides are exactly the same length.


Measure accurately one of the sides, then work out the perimeter of the pentagon.
13. (a) A three-digit number is a multiple of 4

What could the number be?
Give an example.

Now give a different example.
(b) A two-digit number is a factor of 100

What could the number be?
Give an example.
$\qquad$

Now give a different example.
$\qquad$
1 mark
14. (a) Write the answer to this calculation.

(b) Now write a number in each box to make this calculation correct.

The three numbers must be the same.

15. Sam says:

The only four-sided shape with four right angles is a square.

Is Sam correct?

$\square$ No

Explain your answer.
16. (a) When $x=8$, what is the value of $5 x$ ?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box below.
© $\square 5$ $\square$
$\square 58$
$\square$ None of these
1 mark
(b) When $x=8$, what is the value of $3 x-x$ ?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box below.

(c) When $x=8$, what is the value of $x^{2}$ ?

Tick $(\checkmark)$ the correct box below.

- $\square 8 \quad \square 10 \quad \square 16 \quad \square 64 \quad \square$ None of these $\quad \frac{\square}{1 \text { mark }}$

17. Lisa uses a grid to multiply 23 by 15

| $\times$ | 20 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 0}$ | 200 | 30 |
| 5 | 100 | 15 |

$$
200+100+30+15=345
$$

Answer: 345

Now Lisa multiplies two different numbers.
Complete the grid, then give the answer below.

| $\times$ |  | 40 | 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | - | - | - |
|  | 600 | - | 18 |

Answer: $\qquad$
18. Fred has a bag of sweets.

## Contents

3 yellow sweets
5 green sweets
7 red sweets
4 purple sweets
1 black sweet

He is going to take a sweet from the bag at random.
(a) What is the probability that Fred will get a black sweet?
(b) Write the missing colour in the sentence below.

The probability that Fred will get a $\qquad$ sweet is $\frac{1}{4}$
19. Write a number in each box to make the calculations correct.

20. A rectangle has an area of $\mathbf{2 4} \mathrm{cm}^{2}$

How long could the sides of the rectangle be?
Give three different examples.

$\qquad$ cm and
cm
$\qquad$ cm and $\qquad$ cm
21. (a) Write the missing numbers.
$50 \%$ of $80=$ $\qquad$
$5 \%$ of $80=$ $\qquad$
$1 \%$ of $80=$ $\qquad$
(b) Work out $56 \%$ of 80

You can use part (a) to help you.
22. Look at this equation.

$$
y=2 x+10
$$

(a) When $\boldsymbol{x}=\mathbf{4}$, what is the value of $y$ ?
$\qquad$
(b) When $\boldsymbol{x}=\mathbf{- 4}$, what is the value of $y$ ?

$\qquad$
1 mark
(c) Which equation below gives the same value of $y$ for both $x=4$ and $x=-4$ ? Put a ring round the correct equation.

$$
y=2 x \quad y=2+x \quad y=x^{2} \quad y=\frac{x}{2}
$$

23. The diagram shows four different sized barrels.

| Barrel A |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| holds |  |  |  |
| 54 gallons | Barrel B <br> holds <br> 36 gallons | Barrel C <br> holds <br> 18 gallons | Barrel D <br> holds <br> 9 gallons |

Write the missing fractions as simply as possible.
The first one is done for you.

Barrel $\mathbf{C}$ holds $\quad \frac{1}{2}$ of the amount barrel $\mathbf{B}$ holds.

Barrel D holds $\qquad$ of the amount barrel $\mathbf{B}$ holds.

Barrel C holds $\qquad$ of the amount barrel $\mathbf{A}$ holds.

Barrel B holds of the amount barrel $\mathbf{A}$ holds.

## END OF TEST

